OLYMPIC VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

For the Year Ended

June 30, 2015

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As management of the Squaw Valley Public Service District, we are offering a brief narrative overview of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. All information presented here should be read in conjunction with the District's audited financial statements following this section.

Financial Highlights

- ✓ Total current assets exceeded total liabilities by \$257,000. This is a decrease of FY2014 current assets exceeding total liabilities by \$2,629,000 due to the adoption of GASB 68, or the recording of Net Pension Liability (note 6 and note 17).
- ✓ Due to the adoption of GASB 68, Net Pension liability was recorded at \$3,099,000 (\$1,700,000 for Fire and \$1,399,000 for Utility). This cumulative effect adjustment was made to the net position and no prior years of financial statements were restated.
- ✓ Total net position decreased by \$3,174,000 this year, primarily due to recording of the Net Pension Liability as mentioned above.
- ✓ Of the total net position, \$901,000 is restricted and must be used only for specific purposes, \$3,628,000 is unrestricted and available for replacement of fixed assets, and \$(2,846,000) is unrestricted but dedicated to future obligations.
- ✓ Water rates from FY2014 increased by 12% and Sewer rates from FY2014 increased by 8%
- ✓ Property tax revenues increased this year by \$112,000 from 2013-14, about 4%

Major projects this year included:

- Significant repairs to fix water main leaks were completed at the S-Curve and Stables.
- The third year of the Sewer TV inspection project was completed. One year remains.
- Research and feasibility planning continues for a Redundant Water Supply for the valley.
- Construction-ready plans and specifications were prepared for a SVPSD-Mutual Water Company system intertie. Implementation of the plan will be dependent on another grant.
- Staff continues to work with Squaw Valley Real Estate to prepare a Water Supply Assessment, Environmental Impact Report (EIR), and a Development Agreement for the proposed Village at Squaw project. Analyses completed included a hydraulic modeling of the water distribution system, hydraulic modeling of the sewer collection system, space needs analyses for Utilities operations, assessment of project impacts and appropriate mitigations for Fire Protection and EMS services, and a financial projections model.
- The District continues to receive funding to provide snow removal services on the Squaw Valley Bike Path. Reserves in the account amount to approximately \$33,000.
- Implementation of VUEWorks software, which provides improvements to the District's GIS
 to prepare capital projects and efficiencies in work management (asset maintenance, labor,
 etc.)
- Replacement and relocation of 300 feet of the sewer line running underneath the Aspens Condominiums' tennis courts.

- The District developed a SCADA Master Plan (phase I). The SCADA system is used to monitor wells, tanks, and other water/sewer system appurtenances throughout the District. Phase II was mostly completed which involved implementation and integration of the plan.
- The Fire Chief's vehicle was replaced.
- Staff continues to work on the Water and Sewer Master Plan Update. Task 1 is Data Collection.
- This was the first year of providing Operations & Maintenance to the Mutual Water Company. Revenue generated from services amounted to \$123,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This section is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements comprised of: 1) government-wide financial statements 2) notes to the financial statements, and 3) fund financial statements.

<u>GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances relating to government activities in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Governmental activities and enterprise activities are reported separately.

Governmental Activities - The governmental activities of the District include the Fire Department. They outline functions of the District principally supported by property taxes, protection fees, interest, strike team reimbursements, and grant-program funds. All Fire protection fees are restricted by law to specific reserve funds in order to finance improvement, construction, and acquisition of capital assets. Other funds can be designated by the Board to be used for asset replacement or specific projects. Unrestricted funds may be designated, by the Board, to be used for any District activity.

Enterprise Activities - The District charges fees to its water, sewer and garbage customers that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of operating costs for services provided. Unused service fees are generally assigned to the Fixed Asset Replacement Reserves and thus stabilizing future rates. Unused property tax revenues are generally used to subsidize current rates of both water and sewer customers.

- ✓ The <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position is a good indicator of whether the District is financially healthy or deteriorating.
- ✓ The <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION</u> presents information showing how District net assets changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Some revenues and expenses reported in this statement may result in cash flows to future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

✓ The <u>STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS</u> provides information on the District's cash receipts, cash payments, and changes in cash resulting from operations, investments, and financing activities.

<u>NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> provide additional commentary essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities with focus on the *fiscal year inflow and outflows of spendable resources*.

Proprietary Funds are used to report the enterprise activities of the District. These activities include water, sewer, and garbage contract services.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

The analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the District's governmental and enterprise activities. This presentation includes a prior-year comparative analysis of government-wide financial data.

Governm	vernmental Business-Ty _l		Туре				
Activities		Activiti	Activities				
(Fire	e)	(Utility	(Utility)		Total		Percent
2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	Change	Change
\$ 23	67	2,615	2,786	2,638	2,853	215	8.15%
2,627	2,688	277	327	2,904	3,015	111	3.82%
-	-	3	35	3	35	32	1,066.67%
-		110	47	110	47	(63)	-57.27%
9	9	64	50	73	59	(14)	-19.18%
-		86	55	86	55	(31)	-36.05%
5	18	32	28	37	46	9	24.32%
\$ 2,664	2,782	3,187	3,328	5,851	6,110	259	4.43%
\$ 2,673	2,714	3,278	2,903	5,951	5,617	(334)	-5.61%
\$ (9)	68	(91)	425	(100)	493	593	593%
\$ \$	Activity (Fire 2014 \$ 23 \$ 2,627 \$ - 9 \$ 5 \$ 2,664 \$ 2,673	(Fire) 2014 2015 \$ 23 67 2,627 2,688	Activities Activities (Fire) (Utility) 2014 2015 2014 \$ 23 67 2,615 2,627 2,688 277 - - 3 - 110 9 9 64 - 86 5 18 32 \$ 2,664 2,782 3,187 \$ 2,673 2,714 3,278	Activities (Fire) Activities (Utility) 2014 2015 2014 2015 \$ 23 67 2,615 2,786 2,627 2,688 277 327 - - 3 35 - 110 47 9 9 64 50 - 86 55 5 18 32 28 \$ 2,664 2,782 3,187 3,328 \$ 2,673 2,714 3,278 2,903	Activities (Fire) (Utility) Tota 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 \$ 23 67 2,615 2,786 2,638 2,627 2,688 277 327 2,904 - - 3 35 3 - 110 47 110 9 9 64 50 73 - 86 55 86 5 18 32 28 37 \$ 2,664 2,782 3,187 3,328 5,851 \$ 2,673 2,714 3,278 2,903 5,951	Activities (Fire) (Utility) Total 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 \$ 23 67 2,615 2,786 2,638 2,853 2,627 2,688 277 327 2,904 3,015 - - 3 35 3 35 - 110 47 110 47 9 9 64 50 73 59 - 86 55 86 55 5 18 32 28 37 46 \$ 2,664 2,782 3,187 3,328 5,851 6,110 \$ 2,673 2,714 3,278 2,903 5,951 5,617	Activities (Fire) (Utility) Total Dollar 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 Change \$ 23 67 2,615 2,786 2,638 2,853 215 2,627 2,688 277 327 2,904 3,015 111 - - 3 35 3 35 32 - 110 47 110 47 (63) 9 9 64 50 73 59 (14) - 86 55 86 55 (31) 5 18 32 28 37 46 9 \$ 2,664 2,782 3,187 3,328 5,851 6,110 259 \$ 2,673 2,714 3,278 2,903 5,951 5,617 (334)

Total change in Net Position increased \$493,000 from last year. Total Utility Revenues increased \$141,000, or 4%, resulting from increases in water, sewer, and garbage base rates, in addition to ancillary fees from snow removal, The Mutual Water Company, and project administrative fees.

This was offset by grant revenue decreasing by \$63,000 and rental revenue decreasing by \$31,000. Grant revenue received for the year was primarily due to the Redundant Water Supply. Rental revenue decreased due to one lot remaining vacant for half the year as well as the Inn Shop reducing their space which resulted in a lower monthly fee. Tax revenues allocated to Utility increased by \$50,000, or 18%. Connection Fees decreased \$92,000, or 87%, due to less building construction and remodeling. Tax revenues allocated to Fire increased by \$61,000, or 2%. Property tax revenues in total increased 4% from prior year.

Total revenues have increased \$259,000, or 4% and expenses have decreased \$334,000, or 6%. Notable changes include a 12% increase in water fees, 8% increase in sewer fees, \$123,000 generated from the Mutual Water Company, and a \$39,000 increase in revenue for fire strike teams. There was a \$41,000 increase in expenses for the Fire Department, mostly due to \$35,000 increase in salaries and benefits. We had a few employees move from part-time to full-time, regular salary increases, as well as longevity increases. The Utility department saw a \$375,000 decrease in expenses. There was \$288,000 decrease in employee salaries and benefits, mostly resulting from staff changes and post-retirement benefits. There was also a \$47,000 decrease in Maintenance and Repairs.

Changes	III INCL	Assets	(III I III usanus	'
ımental		Busine	ess-Type	

		Governn	nental	Business-Type					
		Activities		Activit	Activities				
		(Fire	e)	(Utilit	(Utility)		1	Dollar	Percent
		2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	Change	Change
Current and other assets	\$	1,229	1,232	4,733	5,185	5,962	6,417	455	7.63%
Noncurrent assets	_	5,290	5,113	10,673	10,348	15,963	15,461	(502)	-3.14%
Total Assets	\$	6,519	6,345	15,406	15,533	21,925	21,878	(47)	-0.21%
Deferred Outflows	-	-	518	10	270	10	788	778	7780.00%
Current Liabilities	\$	530	586	685	637	1,215	1,223	8	0.66%
Long-term debt outstanding	_	343	1,923	1,775	3,013	2,118	4,936	2,818	133.05%
Total Liabilities	\$	873	2,509	2,460	3,650	3,333	6,159	2,826	84.79%
Deferred Inflows	-	-	589		490	-	1,079	1,079	0%
Net Position:									
Net Inv in Capital Assets	\$	4,796	4,704	9,206	9,041	14,002	13,745	(257)	-1.84%
Restricted		173	201	725	700	898	901	3	0.33%
Unrestricted	_	677	(1,140)	3,025	1,922	3,702	782	(2,920)	-78.88%
Total Net Position	\$	5,646	3,765	12,956	11,663	18,602	15,428	(3,174)	-17.06%

Total Current Assets have increased \$455,000, or 7.6% from the prior year. Cash and Cash Equivalents have increased \$489,000, due to increased fees and increased ad valorem tax revenues. The District retains mostly liquid funds in pooled conservative investment accounts

with Placer County Investment Funds, Placer County Revenue Funds, or the Local Agency Investment Funds. These funds are transferred into the daily operating accounts only when needed, in order to allow the maximum generation of interest income.

Accounts Receivable has decreased by \$48,000, or 23%. In the prior year we accelerated our pass-through billing for various construction projects in the District, particularly with Squaw Valley Real Estate, The Resort at Squaw Creek, and Olympic Estates. This reduced our aging time significantly. \$22,500 in delinquent service fees were submitted to Placer County for collection on the 2015-2016 property tax rolls, which is a 5% increase from the prior year. These delinquencies total less than 1% of the total billed revenue.

Net non-current assets (fixed assets) have decreased by \$502,000 from the previous year, mostly as a result of depreciation offsetting investments into fixed assets. This can be interpreted that the District's infrastructure is beginning to age quicker than it is being repaired and/or replaced. Capital investment will need to be accelerated to provide adequate reserves to fund the repair and/or replacement of these aging assets.

Current Liabilities have increased \$9,000 from the prior year, mostly due to excess funds from the bike trail snow removal project and payroll related expenses. Any contributions received for the bike trail that are not spent are kept in a reserve fund to be used in subsequent years. Current Portion of Long Term Debt increased \$13,000 which relates to the building and land loans. This was offset by accounts payable decreasing \$74,000 mostly due to no outstanding balances for consulting services.

Net Long Term Liabilities has increased by \$2,818,000. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District was required to implement GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Under the new GASB standards, each participating cost-sharing employer is required to report its actuarially determined proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources in their financial statements determined in conformity with GASB 68. Previously to GASB 68, the District was only required to report the actual payments submitted to the pension plan as an expense, and no liability or deferred inflows/outflows. GASB 68 reporting requirements created a negative \$3,174,000 impact to Total Net Position. Before posting the GASB 68 entries, Total Net Position showed an increase of \$225,000 over the prior year. For more information on the District's pension plan, see Note 6 and Note 17 of the Financial Statements. The recording of GASB 68 was slightly offset by decrease in long-term debt. The District continues to pay-off its long-term debt obligation for its administration and fire headquarters (maturing in 2028), and the corresponding land (maturing in 2016), collectively a reduction of \$245,000 from the prior fiscal year.

During the fiscal year, the District had a cash surplus of \$489,000, which was 58% more than the prior year's cash surplus of \$310,000. This \$179,000 increase is associated with getting reimbursed for third party advancements, an increase in rates to customers, an increase in ad valorem tax revenue, revenue from the Mutual Water Company, bike trail snow removal grants, and investing less in capital assets. This is offset by an increase in payments to suppliers.

The District continues to maintain a healthy Current Ratio of 5.24:1 (Current Assets against Current Liabilities), which has increased from the prior year from 4.9:1. This change against the

prior year is mostly resulted from increased fees and increased ad valorem tax, as noted above. Total Cash & Cash Equivalents against Total Liabilities is 1:1, a decrease from 1.72:1 in the prior year. The District's cash and liquidity position still remains strong, and is poised to address any immediate catastrophic repair and/or replacement of key assets and infrastructure.

Even though the District's cash position remains strong, reserves should continue to be allocated into fixed asset replacement funds for anticipated replacement and/or repair of the District's aging infrastructure. Mostly as a result of poor economic conditions and a reduction of ad valorem tax revenues in recent years, budgeted allocations and surpluses have been materially reduced, causing potential adverse exposure to the sustainability of the District's infrastructure. One key financial ratio to monitor is Purchase of Capital Assets to Depreciation Expense. As a mature organization, and as most of the originally installed infrastructure begins to near the end of its estimated useful life, this financial ratio should average near 1:1 over a 5-year rolling basis. In the fiscal year ending 2015 this ratio was 1:2.01, in the fiscal year ending 2014 this ratio was 1:1.74, and over the past rolling 5 fiscal years this ratio was 1:1.69. Therefore, additional funding should be considered in future budget allocations towards the fixed asset replacement funds to build adequate reserves and avoid any unnecessary future special assessments or material rate increases.

Fiscal Year	P	Purchase of		epreciation	
Ending	Ca	pital Assets		Expense	Ratio
2015	\$	509,000	\$	1,024,000	1:2.01
2014		590,000		1,030,000	1:1.75
2013		380,000		1,042,000	1:2.74
2012		975,000		978,000	1:1.00
2011		558,000		1,003,000	1:1.80
Total	\$	3,012,000	\$	5,077,000	1:1.69

The District maintains separate Fund accounts for our capital projects that are summarized on the next page. Notable purchases from the Fund balances for the year are as follows; there was a \$45,000 decrease to the Inflow & Infiltration Capital Fund due primarily to TV inspection repairs on the sewer. There was an \$188,000 decrease to the Water Fixed Assets Fund due primarily to the S-Turn water main and the SCADA Master Plan. Lastly, there was a decrease of \$177,000 to the Sewer Fixed Assets Fund due primarily to the Aspens Sewer Realignment and the SCADA Master Plan. As our Fixed Asset Replacement needs are determined, we anticipate an increase in reserves to be allocated to each Fund.

General Fund Balances - 5 Year Comparison of Funds Available for Capital Projects

	(in thousands)	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Water Ca						
	Beginning Balance	338	331	392	441	526
	Increases	8	63	64	100	15
	Decreases	(15)	(2)	(15)	(15)	(0)
	Ending Balance	331	392	441	526	541
Sewer Cap	=					
•	Beginning Balance	_	-	-	7	-
	Increases	2	5	7	6	3
	Transfer from Sewer Fixed Assets	13	74	-	15	11
	Decreases	(15)	(79)	-	(28)	(14)
	Ending Balance	-	-	7	-	-
	Infiltration Capital					
	Beginning Balance	274	270	274	241	199
	Increases	9	11	11	10	5
	Decreases	(13)	(7)	(44)	(51)	(45)
	Ending Balance	270	274	241	199	159
Garbage (Capital					
	Beginning Balance	178	184	192	195	184
	Increases	6	8	3	3	5
	Decreases	-	-	-	(13)	(11)
	Ending Balance	184	192	195	184	178
Water Fix	red Assets					
	Beginning Balance	1,453	1,081	57	254	169
	Increases	167	61	237	78	65
	Decreases	(539)	(1,085)	(40)	(163)	(188)
	Ending Balance	1,081	57	254	169	46
Sewer Fix	ed Assets					
	Beginning Balance	2,731	2,876	2,628	2,576	2,640
	Increases	203	102	215	241	213
	Transfer to Sewer Capital	(13)	(74)	-	(28)	(11)
	Decreases	(45)	(276)	(267)	(149)	(177)
	Ending Balance	2,876	2,628	2,576	2,640	2,665
Fire Prote	ection Funds					
	Beginning Balance	116	123	134	151	173
	Increases	7	11	17	22	28
	Decreases	-	-	-	-	
	Ending Balance	123	134	151	173	201
Fire Fixed	Assets					
	Beginning Balance	325	387	218	387	446
	Increases	115	85	191	100	106
	Decreases	(53)	(254)	(22)	(41)	(41)
	Ending Balance	387	218	387	446	511

Economic Factors and Financial Outlook for FY 2015-16

As the national economy continues to recover, the District has seen its own unique trends. For example, home purchases in the Valley have slightly decreased as well as the median price. This directly impacts the District's balance sheet through ad valorem tax revenues. However, an improving state unemployment rate (5.7% in November 2015), low interest rates, and tame inflation indicators are believed to support a recovering economic outlook for the District.

Contrary to home sales mentioned above, the total assessed values within District boundaries increased \$110 million, or 9% to \$1.277 billion in 2015-16, from \$1.167 billion in 2014-15. The District's resulting estimated net ad valorem tax revenue is expected to be \$3,300,000. This is a \$284,000, or 9.4% increase from the \$3,016,000 net received in 2014-15.

The District continues to monitor the Fixed Asset Replacement needs. Many capital projects are anticipated for the 2015-2016 fiscal year which include the Redundant Water Supply Study, implementation of the SCADA Master Plan, completion of the TV Sewer Inspections, roof repairs, replacing Indian Trail 2" water line, purchase of a new service vehicle, purchase of a Type 1 Engine, and purchase of a Water Tender. Total capital projects are budgeted at \$1,300,000.

The Public Employees' Pension Reform Act became law January 1, 2013 and is expected to result in significant long term savings in the costs for employee benefits. The law grandfathers existing employees and members of CalPERS, so the savings will only be realized as current staff is replaced through attrition.

The District plans to continue annual payment of its long-term debt associated with the land acquisition and construction of our Administrative Facility and Firehouse. The District expects to continue funding its Fixed Asset Replacement Funds, which helps preclude the need for debt financing and benefit assessments in the future.

Management expects greater workloads to staff and increased consulting fees in response to proposed development in the valley. If the proposed development is pursued and completed, increased revenues in future years can be expected.

The District plans to follow and update as needed its five-year Strategic Plan, approved by the Board in April 2012, and updated annually thereafter. It includes a renewed vision on the District's direction moving forward and a work plan to implement it. The Plan re-commits the District to provide high-quality and efficient service delivery.

This section of the MD&A was prepared on December 29, 2015.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Mike Geary, General Manager, Squaw Valley Public Service District, P.O. Box 2026, Olympic Valley, CA 96146. The entire report is available online at www.svpsd.org.

M°CLINTOCK ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Squaw Valley Public Service District

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Squaw Valley Public Service District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used

and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Squaw Valley Public Service District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the Financial Statements, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statements No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The adoption of these statements required retrospective application of previously reported net position at July 1, 2014 as described in Note 17 to the basic financial statements. In addition, Net Pension Liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position in the amount of \$3,098,790 as of June 30, 2014, the measurement date. This Net Pension Liability is calculated by actuaries using estimates and actuarial techniques from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 which was then rolled-forward by the actuaries to June 30, 2014, the measurement date. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-11 and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 60-64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The combining statement of activities and changes in net position, business-type activities is presented for purposed of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has be subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Wellintock Accountancy Corporation

McCLINTOCK ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Tahoe City, California January 21, 2016 Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

<u>Assets</u>

		Primary Go	vernment	
		Governmental Activities (Fire)	Business-Type Activities (Utility)	Total
Current Assets				
Cash (Note 2)	\$	68,441	227,429	295,870
Investments (Note 2)	-	1,111,176	4,818,333	5,929,509
Cash and cash equivalents		1,179,617	5,045,762	6,225,379
Receivables				
Service fees		41,882	72,680	114,562
Interest		552	3,033	3,585
Other	_	-0-	44,641	44,641
Total Receivables		42,434	120,354	162,788
Prepaid expenses and other assets	=	9,881	18,422	28,303
Total Current Assets		1,231,932	5,184,538	6,416,470
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets, at cost (Note 3) Less accumulated depreciation		7,664,390	25,389,495	33,053,885
(Note 3)	_	(2,777,638)	(14,814,745)	(17,592,383)
Net capital assets		4,886,752	10,574,750	15,461,502
Inter-fund balances (Note 16)	_	226,494	(226,494)	-0-
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	5,113,246	10,348,256	15,461,502
Total Assets	\$_	6,345,178	15,532,794	21,877,972
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Note discount and issue costs Deferred outflows related to	\$	-0-	9,458	9,458
pensions (Note 6)	=	517,942	260,973	778,915
Total Deferred Outflows of				
Resources	\$_	517,942	270,431	788,373

(Continued)

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

<u>Liabilities and Net Position</u>

	_	Primary Go	overnment	
		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
		(Fire)	(Utility)	Total
Liabilities	•	, ,		
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	57,790	29,960	87,750
Accrued liabilities		438,427	440,031	878,458
Current portion of long-term debt				
(Note 4)		90,000	167,334	257,334
Total Current Liabilities	-	586,217	637,325	1,223,542
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Postemployment health benefits				
(Note 13)		130,500	247,556	378,056
Aggregate net pension liability				
(Note 6)		1,700,068	1,398,722	3,098,790
Long-term debt (Note 4)	-	92,500	1,366,462	1,458,962
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	1,923,068	3,012,740	4,935,808
Total Liabilities	\$	2,509,285	3,650,065	6,159,350
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions				
(Note 6)	\$	588,833	489,977	1,078,810
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,704,252	9,040,954	13,745,206
Restricted (Note 8)	Ψ	200,892	700,402	901,294
Unrestricted (Note 9)	-	(1,140,142)	1,921,827	781,685
Total Net Position (Note 17)	\$	3,765,002	11,663,183	15,428,185
,				

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Primary Go		
	-	Governmental	Business-Type	
		Activities	Activities	
		(Fire)	(Utility)	Total
Program Revenue	-			
Mutual aid	\$	41,550	-0-	41,550
Service fees		-0-	2,771,819	2,771,819
Fire protection fee		25,370	-0-	25,370
Connection fee	_	-0-	14,134	14,134
Total Program Revenue		66,920	2,785,953	2,852,873
Expenses				
Salaries and wages		1,487,862	986,866	2,474,728
Employee benefits		731,071	431,290	1,162,361
Field operations				
Material & supplies		10,911	12,428	23,339
Uniforms		5,923	3,461	9,384
Chemicals & lab fees		-0-	16,609	16,609
Minor equipment		-0-	204	204
Utilities		42,745	51,570	94,315
Maintenance & repairs		54,633	60,966	115,599
Radio communications		2,621	-0-	2,621
Training & memberships		33,759	15,858	49,617
Fire prevention		3,811	-0-	3,811
Vehicle maintenance		29,910	29,568	59,478
Garbage contract	_	-0-	230,371	230,371
Total field operations		184,313	421,035	605,348

(Continued)

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Go	overnment	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	
	(Fire)	(Utility)	Total
Expenses (Continued)			
General & administrative			
Board expenses \$	12,584	24,710	37,294
Accounting & audit services	14,052	21,081	35,133
Consultants	-0-	5,035	5,035
Legal services	180	15,332	15,512
Insurance	21,056	33,988	55,044
License, permit & contracts	-0-	14,533	14,533
Office expense	7,399	27,942	35,341
Travel & meetings	740	4,982	5,722
Office utilities	-0-	48,158	48,158
Other	26,082	-0-	26,082
Total general &	_		
administrative	82,093	195,761	277,854
Other expenses			
Depreciation	217,387	806,757	1,024,144
Interest	11,033	61,565	72,598
Total other expenses	228,420	868,322	1,096,742
Total Expenses	2,713,759	2,903,274	5,617,033
Net Program Revenue (Expense)	(2,646,839)	(117,321)	(2,764,160)

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position

	_	Primary Go	overnment	
	_	Governmental Activities (Fire)	Business-Type Activities (Utility)	Total
General Revenues				
Property tax (Note 7)	\$	2,688,493	327,435	3,015,928
Administrative fees		-0-	35,441	35,441
Grants (Note 12)		-0-	47,047	47,047
Interest		8,725	50,067	58,792
Rental revenue (Note 15)		-0-	54,899	54,899
Other	_	17,916	27,802	45,718
Total General Revenues	_	2,715,134	542,691	3,257,825
Increase in Net Position		68,295	425,370	493,665
Net Position – Beginning of Year,				
as restated (Note 17)	-	3,696,707	11,237,813	14,934,520
Net Position – End of Year	\$	3,765,002	11,663,183	15,428,185

Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2015

Assets

		Primary Government			
		Governmental Fund (Fire)	Proprietary Fund (Utility)		
Current Assets	_				
Cash	\$	68,441	227,429		
Investments	-	1,111,176	4,818,333		
Cash and cash equivalents		1,179,617	5,045,762		
Receivables					
Service fees		41,882	72,680		
Interest		552	3,033		
Other	_	-0-	44,641		
Total Receivables		42,434	120,354		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	9,881	18,422		
Total Current Assets		1,231,932	5,184,538		
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital assets, at cost		-0-	25,389,495		
Less accumulated depreciation	_	-0-	(14,814,745)		
Net capital assets		-0-	10,574,750		
Inter-activity balances	-	226,494	(226,494)		
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	226,494	10,348,256		
Total Assets	\$_	1,458,426	15,532,794		
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Note discount and issue costs	\$	-0-	9,458		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	_	-0-	260,973		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	-0-	270,431		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of					
Resources	\$_	1,458,426	15,803,225		

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2015

Liabilities and Fund Balances

		Primary Government		
	_	Governmental	Proprietary	
	_	Fund (Fire)	Fund (Utility)	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	57,790	29,960	
Accrued liabilities		438,427	440,031	
Current portion of long-term debt	_	-0-	167,334	
Total Current Liabilities		496,217	637,325	
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Postemployment health benefits		-0-	247,556	
Net pension liability		-0-	1,398,722	
Long-term debt	_	-0-	1,366,462	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	-0-	3,012,740	
Total Liabilities	\$_	496,217	3,650,065	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$_	-0-	489,977	
Fund Balances				
Governmental Fund (Note 10)				
Nonspendable	\$	236,927	-0-	
Restricted		200,892	-0-	
Committed		511,200	-0-	
Unassigned		13,190	-0-	
Proprietary Fund				
Net investment in capital assets		-0-	9,040,954	
Restricted		-0-	700,402	
Unrestricted	=	-0-	1,921,827	
Total Fund Balances	\$ <u>_</u>	962,209	11,663,183	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u></u>	1,458,426	15,803,225	

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Fund balance of governmental fund		\$	962,209
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds			517,942
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds:			
Land Buildings Equipment Master plan Less accumulation depreciation	\$ 1,012,603 4,922,184 1,728,466 1,137 (2,777,638)	
Net Book Value			4,886,752
Postemployment health benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds			(130,500)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds			(1,700,068)
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds			(182,500)
Deferred inflows related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds			(588,833)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	3,765,002

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund (Fire)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	vernmental Fund (Fire)
Program Revenue	
Mutual aid	\$ 41,550
Fire protection fee	 25,370
Total Program Revenue	66,920
Expenditures	
Salaries and wages	1,487,862
Employee benefits	939,821
Field operations	
Material & supplies	10,911
Uniforms	5,923
Utilities	42,745
Maintenance & repairs	54,633
Radio communications	2,621
Training & memberships	33,759
Fire prevention	3,811
Vehicle maintenance	 29,910
Total field operations	184,313
General & administrative	
Board expenses	12,584
Accounting & audit services	14,052
Legal services	180
Insurance	21,056
Office expense	7,399
Travel & meetings	740
Other	 26,082
Total general & administrative	82,093

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund (Fire)

	overnmental Fund (Fire)
Expenditures (Continued)	
Other expenditures	
Capital outlay	\$ 40,594
Debt service	85,000
Interest	 11,033
Total other expenditures	 136,627
Total Expenditures	 2,830,716
Net Program Revenue (Expenditures)	(2,763,796)
General Revenues	
Property tax	2,688,493
Interest	8,725
Other	 17,915
Total General Revenues	 2,715,133
Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	\$ (48,663)
Fund Balance – Beginning of Year	 1,010,872
Fund Balance – End of Year	\$ 962,209

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities

Increase (decrease) in fund balance – governmental fund			\$	(48,663)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Governmental fund reports capital outlay for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:				
Expenditures for capital assets	\$	40,594	4	
Less – current year depreciation expense	_	(217,387	<u>7</u>)	(176,793)
Decreases in the accrual of postemployment health benefits is an expense in the Statement of Net Position but does not use current financial resources and therefore is not reflected in the government fund Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the government fund but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position				30,469 85,000
Changes in the net pension liabilities and the related deferred outflows and inflows is an expense in the Statement of Net Position but does not use current financial resources and therefore is not reflected in the government fund				85,000 178,282
			•	<u> </u>
Increase in net position of governmental activities			Φ	68,295

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund (Utility)

	Proprietary Fund (Utility)
Program Revenue	
Service fees	\$ 2,771,819
Connection fee	14,134
Total Program Revenue	2,785,953
Expenses	
Salaries and wages	986,866
Employee benefits	431,290
Field operations:	
Material & supplies	12,428
Uniforms	3,461
Chemicals & lab fees	16,609
Minor equipment repair	204
Equipment rental	-0-
Utilities	51,570
Maintenance & repairs	60,966
Training & memberships	15,858
Vehicle maintenance	29,568
Garbage contract	230,371
Total field operations	421,035

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund (Utility)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Proprietary Fund (Utility)	
Expenses (Continued)		
General & administrative		
Board expenses	\$	24,710
Accounting & audit services		21,081
Consultants		5,035
Legal services		15,332
Insurance		33,988
License, permit & contracts		14,533
Office expense		27,942
Travel & meetings		4,982
Office utilities		48,158
Total general & administrative		195,761
Other expenses		
Depreciation		806,757
Interest		61,565
Total other expenses		868,322
Total Expenses		2,903,274
Net Program Revenue (Expense)		
		(117,321)

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund (Utility)

	Proprietary und (Utility)
General Revenues	
Property tax	\$ 327,435
Administrative fees	35,441
Grants	47,047
Interest	50,067
Rental revenue	54,899
Other	 27,802
Total General Revenues	 542,691
Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	\$ 425,370
Fund Balance – Beginning of Year	 11,237,813
Fund Balance – End of Year	 11,663,183

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund (Utility)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Proprietary Fund (Utility)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	•	_
Cash receipts from customers	\$	2,862,649
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,220,439)
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,031,341)
Other receipts		63,243
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	•	674,112
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Receipt of property taxes		327,435
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		327,435
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Grants received		47,047
Repayment of long-term debt		(159,842)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(59,892)
Net Cash Used By Capital and Related Financing Activities		(172,687)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Purchase of capital assets		(456,488)
Funds advanced for third parties		106,464
Interest received on cash and investments		51,310
Net Cash Used By Investing Activities		(298,714)
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash		530,146
Cash and Investments – Beginning of Year		4,515,616
Cash and Investments – End of Year	\$	5,045,762

(Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund (Utility)

	Proprietary Fund (Utility)
Reconciliation of Increase in Net Position to Net Cash Used by	
Operating Activities:	
Increase in net position	\$ 425,370
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net position to net cash used by operating activities:	
Depreciation	806,757
Amortization of debt costs	718
Non-operating revenue	(424,549)
Non-operating expenses	60,847
(Increase) decrease in:	
Receivables	(17,770)
Prepaids	(11,796)
Deferred outflows	(68,146)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	(124,635)
Accrued liabilities	43,102
Postemployment health benefits	6,672
Net pension liability	(512,435)
Deferred inflows	489,977
Total adjustments	248,742
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$674,112

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Squaw Valley Public Service District (the "District") operates under a State Charter adopted March 30, 1964. The District operates under a Board-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized: water, sewer, garbage and fire services.

The District's government wide financial statements include the accounts of all operations.

The accounting policies of Squaw Valley Public Service District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The District Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the District accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect) as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, to the business type activities, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinion, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the committee on Accounting Procedure. The District applies all applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Governmental Funds

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements includes a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for the governmental fund. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District are property tax and service fees. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

To commit fund balances, the District's Board of Directors passes a resolution to designate a portion of the available fund balance to a specific purpose. Any modification or rescission of this designation must also be done by a resolution of the Board of Directors.

For all purposes, fund balance amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

Proprietary Fund

The Proprietary Fund includes a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year and actual data for the preceding year.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The District Manager presents a monthly report to the Board explaining any variance from the approved budget.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the Utility Fund, Fire Department Fund, and Capital Reserve Fund.
- 6. The District requires the adoption of a budget for proprietary funds.
- 7. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

Restricted Net Position

The District records indicate that a portion of the fund balance is legally restricted for a specific future use.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

Placer County bills property taxes which attach as an enforceable lien on property. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The County allocates property taxes to the District following the alternate method of property tax distribution as stated in California Revenue & Taxation Code Section 4701. Using this method, the County allocates to the District their portion of total billed property taxes less an estimated delinquency factor. The County then assumes all responsibility for collections.

Capital Assets

Capital assets having an extended useful life are capitalized as capital assets at cost.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Maintenance and repair costs are charged to expenses as incurred. Replacements and capital improvements over \$5,000 are charged to capital asset accounts.

Capital assets are recorded in their respective fund. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Facilities and systems

Vehicles, furniture and equipment

3-50 years

5-20 years

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

Note Discount and Issue Costs

Note discount and issue costs consist of loan issuance costs and are amortized over the term of the obligation using the straight-line method.

Compensated Absences

In accordance with District policy, the District has accrued a liability for vacation pay and sick leave which has been earned but not taken by District employees. This accrual represents the estimated probable future payments attributable to employees' service for all periods prior to June 30, 2015 at their current rate of pay.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from CalPERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2013 Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2014

Measurement Period (MP) July 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014

At June 30, 2015, the District had an unrestricted deficit of \$(781,685) (\$(1,140,142) for governmental activities and \$1,921,827 for business-type activities). This net deficit is, primarily a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, of recording the pension liability on a full accrual basis of accounting instead of funding basis. The District expects that these deficits will be funded with future tax revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (Continued)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Statement of Cash Flows, cash is comprised of operating cash on hand and on deposit at banks. The District considers all short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Subsequent Events

The effect of subsequent events have been evaluated through January 21, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on quarter-end cash and investment balances of the respective fund. At June 30, 2015, the District's cash and investment balances included the following:

Pooled cash	\$ 295,870
Pooled investments	5,929,509
	\$ 6,225,379

All cash balances on deposit at banks are entirely insured or collateralized. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loans to secure a District's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the District's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the District's total deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the State of California, is held in each respective bank's collateral pool at a Federal Reserve Bank, or member bank other than the depository bank, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged against all of the public deposits it holds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS: (Continued)

With the exception of deposit insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, this collateralizing process is categorized by GASB Statement No. 3 as being collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its agent but not in the District's name.

Pursuant to the District's Investment Policy, which includes certain diversification requirements, the District is allowed to invest in U.S. Government guaranteed investments, bonds or treasury notes, and certificates of deposit. The District has not adopted policies related to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk.

The District's investments in the State and County investment pool are categorized by GASB Statement No. 3 as Category A investments since these investments are fully insured by the related entity. These investment pools do not release a credit quality.

Investments of the District are summarized as follows:

	Carrying	Market
	Amount	Value
State of California Local Agency		
Investment Fund	\$ 23,304	23,304
Placer County Pooled Investment Fund	5,906,205	5,906,205
Total	\$ 5,929,509	5,929,509

The District's investments with Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) at June 30, 2015 included a portion of the pooled funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments included the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2015, the City had invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.08% of the pool investment fund in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(3) CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of Governmental Activities capital assets is presented below:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30,				June 30,
Fire Department:	2014	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	2015
Land	\$ 1,012,603	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,012,603
Buildings	4,922,184	-0-	-0-	-0-	4,922,184
Equipment	1,687,872	40,594	-0-	-0-	1,728,466
Master plan	1,137	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,137
Total Capital					
Assets	7,623,796	40,594	-0-	-0-	7,664,390
Accumulated					
Depreciation	(2,560,251)	(217,387)	-0-	-0-	(2,777,638)
Net Book Value	\$ 5,063,545				4,886,752

A summary of Business-Type Activities capital assets is presented below:

		Balance June 30,				Balance June 30,
Utility Department:		2014	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	2015
Water system	\$	10,567,345	152,680	-0-	71,257	10,791,282
Sewage system		5,494,009	165,045	-0-	74,952	5,734,006
Interceptors		1,183,280	-0-	-0-	-0-	1,183,280
Other		7,527,256	93,409	56,033	-0-	7,564,632
Construction in						
progress		191,679	70,825	-0-	(146,209)	116,295
Total Capital						
Assets		24,963,569	481,959	56,033	-0-	25,389,495
Accumulated						
Depreciation	_	(14,064,021)	(806,757)	(56,033)	-0-	(14,814,745)
Net Book Value	\$	10,899,548				10,574,750

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(4) LONG-TERM DEBT:

The District signed a loan agreement with Municipal Finance Corporation where the proceeds were used to purchase a two acre parcel of land for the District's Fire and Administration Center. The cost of this land, and the related loan, was split equally between the utility department and the fire department as the District believes this represents the ratio in which each department will utilize the property. The total purchase price was \$2,010,206. The District obtained a loan in the amount of \$2,012,000 to finance the purchase, along with other unrelated costs. The agreement calls for semi-annual payments in varying amounts over the life of the 15 year loan. The first payment was due June 24, 2002, with final maturity of the loan scheduled for December 24, 2016. This loan is subject to a prepayment penalty that ranges from 1% to 3%.

The District's Business-Type Activity has entered into a 25 year capital lease agreement effective June 30, 2004 with the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) to finance a portion (\$2,000,000) of the construction of the new Fire and Administration Center. The agreement calls for semi-annual payments in varying amounts over the life of the 25 year loan. The first payment was due February 2005, with final maturity of the loan scheduled for August 2028. The loan can be prepaid subject to penalties that range from 1% to 2%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(4) LONG-TERM DEBT: (Continued)

A summary of the District's Governmental Activities long-term debt at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Payments	Balance June 30, 2015
5.10% note for \$2,012,000, (\$1,006,000 Governmental Activities, \$1,006,000 Business-Type Activities) payable over 15 years to Municipal Finance Corporation, first payment due June 24, 2002 and semi-annually thereafter, maturity December 24, 2016, secured by net revenues	\$_	267,500	-0-	85,000	182,500
Total Long-Term Debt		267,500	-0-	85,000	182,500
Less Current Installments of Long-Term Debt		85,000			90,000
Long-Term Debt Excluding Current Installments	\$ <u></u>	182,500			92,500

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(4) LONG-TERM DEBT: (Continued)

A summary of the District's Business-Type Activities long-term debt at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Payments	Balance June 30, 2015
5.10% note for \$2,012,000, (\$1,006,000 Governmental Activities, \$1,006,000 Business-Type Activities) payable over 15 years to Municipal Finance Corporation, first payment due June 24, 2002 and semi-annually thereafter, maturity December 24, 2016, secured by net revenues	\$	267,500	-0-	85,000	182,500
3.63% lease faculty for \$1,801,700, payable over 25 years to The California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank, first payment due February 2005 and semi- annually thereafter, maturity August 2028, secured by existing District		1 426 129	0	74.942	1.251.206
land and facilities. Total Long-Term Debt	_	1,426,138 1,693,638	-0-	159,842	1,351,296 1,533,796
Less Current Installments of Long-Term Debt Long-Term Debt Excluding Current	_	159,842			167,334
Installments	\$_	1,533,796			1,366,462

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(4) LONG-TERM DEBT: (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize District long-term debt as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$	257,334	61,239	318,573
2017		264,909	49,447	314,356
2018		82,570	41,969	124,539
2019		85,320	38,926	124,246
2020		88,161	35,782	123,943
2021 through 2025		486,846	127,954	614,800
2026 through 2029		451,156	34,101	485,257
	\$	1,716,296	389,418	2,105,714

(5) DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS:

A 457 Deferred Compensation Plan has been established by the District with ITT Hartford. Employees may elect to defer compensation up to 100% of their salary or \$18,000 (\$24,000 if employee will have obtained age 50 by the end of the calendar year), whichever is less. Employees in their last three years before retirement may qualify to contribute additional amounts, but never more than \$36,000 per year. This Plan is fully funded with ITT Hartford.

In addition, the District has also established a 457 Deferred Compensation Plan with the California Public Employees' Retirement System. Employees may elect to defer compensation up to 100% of their salary or \$18,000 (\$24,000 if employee will have obtained age 50 by the end of the calendar year), whichever is less. Employees in their last three years before retirement may qualify to contribute additional amounts, but never greater than \$36,000 per year. This Plan is fully funded with the California Public Employees' Retirement System.

The accompanying financial statements does not included the amount amounts deferred during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY:

a) General Information about the Pension Plan

i) Plan Description

All employees of Squaw Valley Public Service District are provided with pensions through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employee defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements are established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. Squaw Valley Public Service District selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.calpers.ca.gov

ii) Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as a percent of the employee's final 1-year (or in some cases 3-year average) compensation, modified for social security participation, times the participant's benefit factor. The benefit factor is determined based on the participant's hire date, year of service in the plan and their age at retirement. Employees with 5 years of continuous service are eligible to retire at age 50 (or in some cases age 52). Five years of service is required for non-industrial disability eligibility and no minimum years of service for an industrial disability. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits. Death benefits vary from simple return of participant contributions to a monthly allowance equal to the retirement benefit. The plan provides for annual cost-of-living adjustment based on the Consumer Price Index, subject to a maximum of 2%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY: (Continued)

a) General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

iii)Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For Squaw Valley Public Service District, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the following is a summary of contribution rates:

			Total
	Employee	Employer	Required
	Contribution	Contribution	Contribution
Governmental Activity (Fire Department)			
First Tier Plan	2.000%	33.135%	35.135%
Second Tier Plan	2.000	21.215	23.215
Business-Type Activity (Utility Department)			
Safety Plan	2.000	23.124	25.124
PEPRA Safety Fire Plan	2.000	23.124	25.124

b) <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$3,098,790 (\$1,700,068 for governmental activities and \$1,398,722 for business-type activities) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.05% for the governmental activities pool and 0.06% for the business-type activities pool, which was the same as its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY: (Continued)

b) <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$411,369 (\$272,583 for governmental activities and \$138,786 for business-type activities). At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Governmen	itai Activi	ittes	
		erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments	\$	-0-	513,306
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions		67,078	75,527
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		450,864	-0-
Total	\$	517,942	588,833
Business-Ty	Defe	ities erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences	Defe	erred Outflows	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the	Defe of	erred Outflows f Resources -0- 31,582	of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	Defe of	erred Outflows f Resources -0-	of Resources 470,036

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY: (Continued)

b) <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The amount \$680,255 (\$450,864 for governmental activities and \$229,391 for business-type activities) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(Governmental	Business-Type	
Year Ended		Activities	Activities	Total
6/30/16	\$	(131,344)	(113,352)	(244,696)
6/30/17		(131,344)	(113,352)	(244,696)
6/30/18		(130,742)	(114,183)	(244,925)
6/30/19		(128,325)	(117,508)	(245,833)

c) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2013 total pension liability. Both the June 30, 2013 total pension liability and the June 30, 2014 total liability were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements
	of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.50%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% Net of Pension Plan Investment and
	Administrative Expenses; includes inflation
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power
Increase	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power
	applies, 2.75% thereafter

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY: (Continued)

c) <u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

d) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) and developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY: (Continued)

d) Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10	Years 11+
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25 %	5.71 %
Global Fixed Income	19.0	0.99	2.43
Inflation Sensitive	6.0	0.45	3.36
Private Equity	12.0	6.83	6.95
Real Estate	11.0	4.50	5.13
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0	4.50	5.09
Liquidity	2.0	(0.55)	(1.05)

e) Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the District as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

]	Discount Rate – 1%	Current Discount	Discount Rate +1%	
		(6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)	(8.50%)	
Governmental Activities	\$	2,492,090	1,398,722	491,330	
Business-Type Activities		2,925,597	1,700,068	690,285	
Total	\$	5,417,687	3,098,790	1,181,615	

f) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY: (Continued)

g) Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the employer's contribution for the final payroll of the fiscal year had not been paid and was included in accounts payable in the following amounts:

Governmental Activities	\$ -0-
Business-Type Activities	30,221
	\$ 30,221

h) Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Governmental Activities

	6/30/15
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	 0.05 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
(asset)	\$ 1,398,722
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,267,582
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
(asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	110.35 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	
pension liability	81.42%

Business-Type Activities

	6/30/15
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	 0.06 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
(asset)	\$ 1,700,068
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 998,317
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
(asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	170.29 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	
pension liability	83.03 %

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 of the prior fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(6) NET PENSION LIABILITY: (Continued)

i) Schedule of District Contributions

Governmental Activities

	6/30/15
Contractually required contribution	\$ 301,932
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	
contribution	(301,932)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -0-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,267,582
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.82%

Business-Type Activities

	6/30/15
Contractually required contribution	\$ 192,826
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	
contribution	(192,826)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -0-
District's covered-employee payroll	 998,317
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.32%

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(7) PROCEEDS OF TAX LIMITATION:

Article XIIB of the California Constitution, as implemented by SB 1352 of 1980, specifies that proceeds of taxes of governmental entities may increase by an amount not to exceed the change in population, and the change in the United States Consumer Price Index or California per capita personal income, whichever is less.

The proceeds of taxes limit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$5,392,822. The District's actual annual proceeds of taxes for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$3,015,928, leaving a margin of \$2,376,894.

The proceeds of taxes limitation adopted by the District for the year ended June 30, 2016 is \$5,621,783.

(8) RESTRICTED NET POSITION:

Net position is subject to the following legal restrictions:

Governmental Activities:	
Fire – protection fees	\$ 200,892
Total Restricted Net Position – Governmental	
Activities	\$ 200,892
Business-Type Activities:	
Capital projects – water	\$ 541,115
Inflow and infiltration	159,287
Total Restricted Net Position – Business-Type	
Activities	\$ 700,402

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(9) UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION:

A portion of the unrestricted net position has been designated by the District's Board as follows:

Governmental Activities:

\$	511,200
	226,494
	737,694
_	(1,877,836)
\$_	(1,140,142)
	_
\$	45,762
	2,665,771
	\$ - \$

Fixed asset replacement fund - water
Fixed asset replacement fund - sewer

Garbage
Total Designated Net Position
Undesignated Net Position
Total Unrestricted Net Position

Total Unrestricted Net Position

Sever 2,665,771

2,889,959

(968,132)

Business-Type Activities \$ 1,921,827

(10) FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND (FIRE):

Nonspendable fund balance consists of interest receivable (\$552), prepaid expenses (\$9,881) and inter-activity balances (\$226,494).

Restricted fund balance consists of user connection fees legally restricted to new capital acquisition.

Committed fund balance consists of funds the District's Board of Directors has specifically designated by resolution for replacement of capital assets.

(11) GARBAGE SERVICE:

Effective October 1, 1974, Ordinance No. 4 was passed by the Board of Directors of the Squaw Valley Public Service District providing for compulsory trash collection service for all District residents. The trash collections costs are paid by the service recipients. The District has contracted with a California corporation to provide the trash disposal services. An allocation of general and administrative expenses is made to garbage service cost, in addition to direct costs. Trash collection fees recognized in fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were \$234,899 while expenses, both direct and allocated, totaled \$233,214.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(12) GRANTS:

In June 2012, the District entered into a grant agreement with the Placer County Water Agency (PCWA). Grant funds are to be used for the District's Squaw Valley Mutual Water Company Intertie Project. The grant provides that the PCWA will pay up to \$10,000 of costs. As of June 30, 2015, the District had expend more than the grant amount for the project. The District had received \$10,000 in reimbursements as of June 30, 2015.

In December 2013, the District entered into a grant agreement with California Department of Water Resources (DWR). Grant funds are to be used for the District's redundant water supply project. The grant provides that the DWR will pay up to \$225,000 of costs. As of June 30, 2015, the District had expended \$54,543 for the project. The District had received \$34,397 in reimbursements as of June 30, 2015, resulting in a receivable in the amount of \$20,146.

(13) POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS:

a) Plan Description

The District provides health insurance coverage to each employee who retires and completes various age and service requirements through the California Public Employee' Retirement System (CalPERS) through a single-employer benefit plan.

Government Accounting Standards require the recognition of postemployment health benefit costs, as detailed below, during the employee's period of employment. Currently, the District has four beneficiaries receiving these postemployment health benefits.

Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by District labor agreements, which are approved by the District Board of Directors. The plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

b) Funding Policy

The District is funding the plan only to the extent necessary to cover the current year benefits of the retired beneficiaries. No employee contributions to the plan are required.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(13) POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS: (Continued)

c) <u>Annual Postemployment Health Benefit Cost and Net Postemployment Health Benefit Obligation</u>

The most recent valuation data available for the Postemployment Health Benefit plan is for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District has included an estimate of \$28,800 (\$6,300 Governmental Activities and \$22,500 Business-Type Activities) in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. The following information is presented based on the plan's June 30, 2014 valuation.

The District's annual Postemployment Health Benefit cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual Postemployment Health Benefit cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net Postemployment Health Benefit obligation:

			Bu	siness-
	Governmental		Type	
	Activities		Ac	tivities
Annual required contributions	\$	(24,106)	\$	26,117
Interest on net Postemployment Health Benefit				
obligation		8,458		11,453
Annual Postemployment Health Benefit cost				
(expense)		(15,648)		37,570
Contributions made		(1,121)		(3,398)
Increase (Decrease) in net Postemployment				
Health Benefit obligation		(16,769)		34,172
Net Postemployment Health Benefit obligation –				
beginning of year (June 30, 2014)		140,969		190,884
Net Postemployment Health Benefit obligation –				
end of year (June 30, 2014)		124,200		225,056
District estimate of fiscal 2015 increase		6,300		22,500
Net estimate Postemployment Health Benefit		.		
obligation – end of year (June 30, 2015)	\$	130,500	\$	247,556

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(13) POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS: (Continued)

c) <u>Annual Postemployment Health Benefit Cost and Net Postemployment Health Benefit Obligation (Continued)</u>

The District's annual Postemployment Health Benefit cost, the percentage of annual Postemployment Health Benefit cost contributed to the plan, and the net Postemployment Health Benefit obligation for June 30, 2013, 2014, and 2015 were as follows:

	Government		
		Percentage of	
	Annual	Annual	Net
	Postemployment	Postemployment	Postemployment
	Health Benefit	Health Benefit	Health Benefit
Fiscal Year Ended	Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2013	24,296	16.3	140,969
6/30/2014	(15,648)	(7.2)	124,200
6/30/2015	6,300	44.7	130,500

	Business-Ty	pe Activities	
		Percentage of	
	Annual	Annual	Net
	Postemployment	Postemployment	Postemployment
	Health Benefit	Health Benefit	Health Benefit
Fiscal Year Ended	Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2013	54,211	3.1	190,884
6/30/2014	37,570	9.0	225,056
6/30/2015	22,500	7.6	247,556

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(13) POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFITS: (Continued)

d) Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Governme Activiti		siness-Type Activities
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) District estimate of fiscal 2015 increase Actuarial value of plan assets		,200 ,300 -0-	225,056 22,500 -0-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 130	,500	\$ 247,556
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0%	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	1,175	,388 \$	1,093,653
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		11.1%	22.6%

e) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 6% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses). Increases for annual healthcare cost trends and the inflation assumption were accounted for based on the negotiated future cost of the benefits. The actuarial value of plan assets was \$0.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(14) RISK MANAGEMENT:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of two Joint Powers Authorities for the operation of common risk management and insurance programs. The programs cover workers' compensation, property, liability and employees dishonesty insurance. The Authorities are governed by Executive Boards consisting of representatives from member districts. The Executive Boards control the operations of the Authorities, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets.

The relationship between the District and the Joint Powers Authorities is such that the Authorities are not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

For workers' compensation insurance, the District has joined together with other special districts within the state to form the Special Districts Workers' Compensation Authority ("SDWCA"). The District pays estimated annual premiums to the SDWCA based upon estimated payroll classified into rate categories pursuant to the rules published by the California Workers' Compensation Insurance Rating Bureau. Actual premium due is determined after the fiscal year end and is based upon actual payroll. The SDWCA is entitled to assess additional premiums or to refund premiums based upon a pro rata allocation of the District's premium paid to total premiums paid. The District is not assessed additional premiums or refunded premiums on an individual basis based upon claims or loss experience. The SDWCA agrees to pay all amounts legally required by California workers' compensation laws. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded coverage provided by SDWCA for the last three fiscal years.

For property, liability and employees dishonesty insurance, the District has joined together with other special districts within the state to form the Special Districts Risk Management Authority ("SDRMA"). The District pays an annual premium to SDRMA for its property, liability and employees dishonesty coverage. The SDRMA is entitled to assess additional premiums or to refund premiums based upon a pro rata allocation of the District's premium paid to total premiums paid. The District is not assessed additional premiums or refunded premiums on an individual basis based upon claims or loss experience. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded coverage provided by SDRMA for the last three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(15) RENTAL ACTIVITY:

The District rents idle facilities to outside parties. These facilities have an original cost of \$1,051,834, accumulated depreciation of \$957,075, and a net book value of \$94,759. Rental income of \$54,899 is reflected in the Statement of Activities for the Business-Type Activity. Expenses for the rental activity, which are also reflected in the Statement of Activities, are as follows:

\$	22,425
	1,415
	297
	6,725
_	26,135
\$	56,997
	\$ \$

Future minimum rentals on noncancelable leases for these rentals are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Amount
2016	\$	51,972
2017		51,930
2018	_	51,930
	\$_	155,832

(16) INTER-FUND BALANCES:

In July 2005, the Governmental Activity transferred (at net book value) a portion of a building to the Business-Type Activity. This inter-activity balance is the result of that transaction and is not expected to be repaid within one year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(17) RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71, net position as of July 1, 2014 was restated as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		
	(Fire)	_	(Utility)		<u>Total</u>
Net position at July 1, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 5,645,948	\$	12,956,143	\$	18,602,091
Restatements to recognize pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflows of resources	210,897		185,046		395,943
Restatement to recognize change in employer proportions and differences in contributions as deferred outflows of resources	91,035		7,780		98,815
Restatement to recognize net pension liability	(2,251,173)	<u>-</u>	(1,911,156)		(4,162,329)
Total restatements	(1,949,241)	<u>-</u>	(1,718,330)	•	(3,667,571)
Net pension at July 1, 2014, as restated	\$ 3,696,707	\$	11,237,813	\$	14,934,520

Required
Supplementary
Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Governmental Fund (Fire)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Original and Final Budget	Actual	Budget Variance (Over) Under
Program Revenue			
Mutual aid	\$ 3,350	41,550	(38,200)
Fire protection fee	 9,000	25,370	(16,370)
Total Program Revenue	12,350	66,920	(54,570)
Expenditures			
Salaries and wages	1,371,620	1,487,862	(116,242)
Employee benefits	936,820	939,821	(3,001)
Field operations			
Material & supplies	12,400	10,911	1,489
Uniforms	12,000	5,923	6,077
Utilities	51,918	42,745	9,173
Maintenance & repairs	65,344	54,633	10,711
Radio communications	3,900	2,621	1,279
Training & memberships	34,665	33,759	906
Fire prevention	4,750	3,811	939
Vehicle maintenance	 30,544	29,910	634
Total field operations	215,521	184,313	31,208
General & administrative			
Board expenses	12,584	12,584	-0-
Accounting & audit services	12,878	14,052	(1,174)
Legal services	3,000	180	2,820
Insurance	28,000	21,056	6,944
Office expense	3,935	7,399	(3,464)
Travel & meetings	1,080	740	340
Other	 26,082	26,082	-0-
Total general &			
administrative	87,559	82,093	5,466

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Governmental Fund (Fire)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Budget Variance (Over) Under
Expenditures (Continued)			
Other expenditures			
Capital outlay \$	61,850	40,594	21,256
Debt service	85,000	85,000	-0-
Interest	11,080	11,033	47
Total other expenditures	157,930	136,627	21,303
Total Expenditures	2,769,450	2,830,716	(61,266)
Net Program Revenue (Expenditures)	(2,757,100)	(2,763,796)	6,696
General Revenues			
Property tax	2,643,771	2,688,493	(44,722)
Interest	1,150	8,725	(7,575)
Other	-0-	17,915	(17,915)
Total General Revenues	2,644,921	2,715,133	(70,212)
Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance \$	(112,179)	(48,663)	(63,516)
Fund Balance – Beginning of Year	-	1,010,872	
Fund Balance – End of Year	\$ <u></u>	962,209	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Budget and Actual Proprietary Fund (Utility)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Budget Variance (Over) Under
Program Revenue	 		
Service fees	\$ 2,603,762	2,771,819	(168,057)
Connection fee	 30,964	14,134	16,830
Total Program Revenue	2,634,726	2,785,953	(151,227)
Expenses			
Salaries and wages	1,088,284	986,866	101,418
Employee benefits	688,114	431,290	256,824
Field operations:			
Material & supplies	16,000	12,428	3,572
Uniforms	5,000	3,461	1,539
Chemicals & lab fees	24,075	16,609	7,466
Minor equipment repair	500	204	296
Equipment rental	750	-0-	750
Utilities	55,090	51,570	3,520
Maintenance & repairs	38,550	60,966	(22,416)
Training & memberships	9,890	15,858	(5,968)
Vehicle maintenance	33,400	29,568	3,832
Garbage contract	 235,038	230,371	4,667
Total field operations	418,293	421,035	(2,742)

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Budget and Actual Proprietary Fund (Utility)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and Final	Actual	Budget Variance (Over) Under
Expenses (Continued)	Budget	Actual	<u>Under</u>
General & administrative			
Board expenses	\$ 31,205	24,710	6,495
Accounting & audit services	19,672	21,081	(1,409)
Consultants	5,000	5,035	(35)
Legal services	23,660	15,332	8,328
Insurance	33,809	33,988	(179)
License, permit & contracts	28,843	14,533	14,310
Office expense	46,310	27,942	18,368
Travel & meetings	15,217	4,982	10,235
Office utilities	53,250	48,158	5,092
Total general &			
administrative	256,966	195,761	61,205
Other expenses			
Depreciation	-0-	806,757	(806,757)
Interest	61,848	61,565	283
Total other expenses	61,848	868,322	(806,474)
Total Expenses	2,513,505	2,903,274	(389,769)
Net Program Revenue			
(Expense)	121,221	(117,321)	238,542

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Budget and Actual Proprietary Fund (Utility)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Budget Variance (Over) Under
General Revenues	 Duaget	<u> </u>	Actual	Officer
Property tax	\$ (40,279)	327,435	(367,714)
Administrative fees	2,000	ĺ	35,441	(33,441)
Grants	-0-		47,047	(47,047)
Interest	5,000		50,067	(45,067)
Rental revenue	57,845		54,899	2,946
Other	 200		27,802	(27,602)
Total General Revenues	 24,766		542,691	(517,925)
Increase (Decrease) in Fund				
Balance	\$ 145,987	=	425,370	(279,383)
Fund Balance – Beginning of Year			11,237,813	
Fund Balance – End of Year		\$	11,663,183	

Supplementary Information

Combining Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position Business-Type Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water	C	Carlana		Total Business-Type
	Water	Sewer	Garbage	Out	Activities
.	Department	Department	Contract	Other	(Utility)
Program Revenue					
Service fees	\$ 1,321,545	1,059,104	234,899	156,271	2,771,819
Connection fee	8,414	5,720	-0-	-0-	14,134
Total Program Revenue	1,329,959	1,064,824	234,899	156,271	2,785,953
Expenses					
Salaries and wages	600,632	342,063	1,268	42,903	986,866
Employee benefits	225,562	176,628	307	28,793	431,290
Field operations					
Material & supplies	8,199	3,879	350	-0-	12,428
Uniforms	1,731	1,730	-0-	-0-	3,461
Chemicals & lab fees	16,609	-0-	-0-	-0-	16,609
Minor equipment repair	102	102	-0-	-0-	204
Utilities	45,871	5,699	-0-	-0-	51,570
Maintenance & repairs	34,748	17,317	-0-	8,901	60,966
Training & memberships	10,046	5,812	-0-	-0-	15,858
Vehicle maintenance	14,965	14,603	-0-	-0-	29,568
Garbage contract	-0-	-0-	230,371	-0-	230,371
Total field operations	132,271	49,142	230,721	8,901	421,035

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position Business-Type Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water	Sewer	Garbage		Total Business-Type Activities
	Department	Department	Contract	Other	(Utility)
Expenses (Continued)					
General & administrative					
Board expenses	\$ 17,050	7,660	-0-	-0-	24,710
Accounting & audit					
services	14,546	6,535	-0-	-0-	21,081
Consultants	4,330	705	-0-	-0-	5,035
Legal services	10,579	4,753	-0-	-0-	15,332
Insurance	23,395	10,593	-0-	-0-	33,988
License, permit &					
contracts	10,028	4,505	-0-	-0-	14,533
Office expense	19,280	8,662	-0-	-0-	27,942
Travel & meetings	3,438	1,544	-0-	-0-	4,982
Office utilities	32,612	15,546	-0-	-0-	48,158
Total general &					
administrative	135,258	60,503	-0-	-0-	195,761
Other expenses					
Depreciation	501,174	305,583	-0-	-0-	806,757
Interest	42,480	19,085	-0-	-0-	61,565
Total other expenses	543,654	324,668	-0-	-0-	868,322
Total Expenses	1,637,377	953,004	232,296	80,597	2,903,274
Net Program Revenue					
(Expense)	(307,418)	111,820	2,603	75,674	(117,321)

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position Business-Type Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>D</u>	Water epartment	Sewer Department	Garbage Contract	Other	Total Business-Type Activities (Utility)
General Revenues				_		
Property tax	\$	153,615	173,820	-0-	-0-	327,435
Administrative fees		1,590	1,060	-0-	32,791	35,441
Grants		47,047	-0-	-0-	-0-	47,047
Interest		9,703	37,987	2,377	-0-	50,067
Rental revenue		27,450	27,449	-0-	-0-	54,899
Other		16,394	11,408		-0-	27,802
Total General						
Revenues	_	255,799	251,724	2,377	32,791	542,691
Increase (Decrease) in						
Net Position	\$	(51,619)	363,544	4,980	108,465	425,370

OLYMPIC VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 30, 2015

M°CLINTOCK ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

ROBERT J. M^cCLINTOCK, CPA MICHAEL R. GRIESMER, CPA ALICE HAHN

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To the Board of Directors
Squaw Valley Public Service District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Squaw Valley Public Service District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wellintock Accountancy Corporation

McCLINTOCK ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Tahoe City, California January 21, 2016

REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

June 30, 2015

- 1. This is our report on the SVPSD 6/30/15 Financial Statements and our audit report.
- 2. The Board of Directors engaged our firm to audit the Financial Statements of the District. Our opinion on the Financial Statement is unmodified, or a "clean" opinion. The audit report is ours; the Financial Statements are representations of management.

We reached our opinion after performing procedures and tests on the books and records. We do this in order to have reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements are free of material misstatement. We also assess the accounting principles used by management and the estimates used in the Financial Statements.

- 3. Questions and answers regarding the financial statements.
- 4. Matters to be Communicated
 - Auditor Responsibility An audit conducted under generally accepted auditing standards is designed to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about the financial statements.
 - ➤ Accounting Policies/Accounting Estimates Significant accounting policies are detailed in Note 1 of the financial statements. Significant estimates, as detailed in the financial statements, include depreciation expense, and retirement related accruals.
 - ➤ Significant adjustments/Passed adjustments There were five audit adjustments proposed and provided to management compared to two in prior year. The proposed adjustments related to removing an accrued expense for an intercompany transaction, truing up CalPers related balances and reclassifying fire liabilities from utility accounts payable.
 - ➤ Disagreements with management None.
 - ➤ Difficulties encountered in performing the audit None
- 5. Other Matters Noted see attached.
- 6. We would like to thank management and staff for their fine cooperation during the audit.

M°CLINTOCK ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

OTHER MATTERS NOTED

June 30, 2015

Current Year Matters

1. New Accounting Pronouncements

Below is a listing of new accounting pronouncements that we will monitor in order to determine their impact on the District as they become effective in future years:

GASB 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2016.

GASB 73 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2016.

GASB 74 Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2017.

GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other <u>Than Pensions</u>. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2018

GASB 76 The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2016.

2. Adjusting Journal Entries

Gibson & Company (an outside accounting firm) prepared the District's year end closing journal entries and account reconciliations. Management should be familiar with the nature of each of the adjusting entries as proposed and booked by Gibson & Company, as management is responsible for the final account balances as represented in the financial statements.

As of June 30, 2015, the matter is the same as in the prior year.

3. Financial Statement Preparation and Tie-Out

Gibson & Company (an outside accounting firm) compiled the District's year-end financial statements and related note disclosures. The firm maintains the workpapers and reconciliations that tie-out to the compiled financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District request from Gibson & Company a complete tie out of the financial statements and related disclosures to the supporting workpapers maintained by them and that the tie out and related supporting documents be provided to us in a manual binder or complete electronic file in conjunction with the audit.

Prior Year Matters

1. Balance Sheet Reconciliations

During the audit, it was brought to our attention that not all balance sheet accounts are reconciled and reviewed on a regular basis, resulting in unidentifiable reconciling items come year end.

Recommendation: We recommend that balance sheet accounts are reconciled regularly by the Finance and Administration Manager and his staff and all outstanding reconciling items are researched and explained. We further recommend that higher importance reconciliations (i.e. Bank reconciliations) are submit to the General Manager for review and approval.

2015 Update: The District implemented on this recommendation and reconciliations were maintained and reviewed. We encourage the district to continue this process going forward.